P P SAVANI UNIVERSITY

Second Semester of M.Sc. CS Examination August 2022

SESH7030 Statistical Methods for Data Science

08.08.2022, Monday

Instructions:

Time: 09:00 a.m. To 11:30 a.m.

Maximum Marks: 60

Instruction							
1. The que	estion paper comprises of two sections.						
2. Section	I and II must be attempted in separate answer sheets. uitable assumptions and draw neat figures wherever required.						
	cientific calculator is allowed.						
4. 050 015	cientific calculator is allowed.						
	SECTION - I						
Q-1	Answer any two of the following.						
(i)	Define sample, population and mutually exclusive event.						
(ii)	efine variable and regression line.						
(iii)	What is Chebyshev's theorem?						
Q-2(a)	Consider the following data.	[05]					
	8.9 10.2 11.5 7.8 10.0 12.2 13.5 14.1 10.0 12.2						
	6.8 9.5 11.5 11.2 14.9 7.5 10.0 6.0 15.8 11.5						
	(a) Construct a dot plot.						
	(b) Construct a frequency distribution.						
	(c) Construct a percent frequency distribution.						
Q-2(b)	The Wall Street Journal (WSJ) subscriber survey (October 13, 2003) asked 46 questions						
	about subscriber characteristics and interests. State whether each of the following						
	questions provided categorical or quantitative data and indicate the measurement scale						
	appropriate for each.						
	(a) What is your age?						
	(b) Are you male or female?						
	(c) When did you first start reading the WSJ? High school, college, early career, midcareer,						
	late career, or retirement?						
	(d) How long have you been in your present job or position?						
	(e) What type of vehicle are you considering for your next purchase? Nine response						
	categories include sedan, sports car, SUV, minivan, and so on.						
	OR						
Q-2(a)	Compute the mean, median, mode, Q_1 , Q_2 and Q_3 of 87, 96, 85, 96, 85, 57, 49, 35, 14, 3, 9,						
	71, 3, 5, 1, 6, 2, 5 and 99.						
Q-2(b)	Calculate the sample correlation of the following data.	[05]					
	x _i 30 50 40 55 30 25 60 25 50 55						
	y ₁ 28 25 25 23 30 32 21 35 26 25						
Q-3(a)	Consider a sample with data values of 10, 20, 12, 17, and 16. Compute the z-score for each	[05]					
	of the five observations.						
Q-3(b)	Consider a sample with data values of 27, 25, 20, 15, 30, 34, 28, and 25. Provide the five-	[05]					
	number summary for the data. Also show the box plot for the data.						
	OR						
Q-3(a)	Consider a sample with data values of 53, 55, 70, 58, 64, 57, 53, 69, 57, 68 and 53.						
	Compute the range, Interquartile range, variance and standard deviation.						
Q-3(b)							
(3)	C, D, E, and F to identify the items, and list each of the different combinations of three items.						
Q-4	Florida Power & Light (FP&L) Company has enjoyed a reputation for quickly fixing its	[05]					
	electric system after storms. However, during the hurricane seasons of 2004 and 2005, a						
	electric system after storms. However, during the nutricane seasons of 2004 and 2005, a						
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new reality was that the company's \hat{h} istorical approach to emergency electric system repairs was no longer good enough (The Wall Street Journal, January 16, 2006). Data showing the days required to restore electric service after seven hurricanes during 2004 and 2005 follow.

Hurricane	Days to Restore Service		
Charley	13		
Frances	12		
Jeanne	8		
Dennis	3		
Katrina	8		
Rita	2		
Wilma	18		

Based on this sample of seven, compute the following descriptive statistics:

- (a) Mean, median, and mode
- (b) Range and standard deviation

SECTION - II

Q-1 Answer any two of the following.

[05]

- Write addition law for mutually exclusive event. (i)
- Define Normal distribution and give proper example. (ii)
- (iii) What is difference between t-test and F-test?
- Q-2 (a) A decision maker subjectively assigned the following probabilities to the four outcomes of [05]

$$P(E_1) = 0.10, P(E_2) = 0.15, P(E_3) = 0.40$$
 and $P(E_4) = 0.20$.

Are these probability assignments valid? Explain.

- Suppose that we have two events, A and B, with P(A) = 0.50. P(B) = 0.60, and $P(A \cap B) = [0.5]$ Q-2(b)
 - (a) Find P(A|B).
 - (b) Find P(B|A).
 - (c) Are A and B independent?

OR

Q-2 (a) Consider a binomial experiment with n = 10 and p = 0.10.

[05]

- (a) Compute f(0).
- (b) Compute f(2). Q-2(b)
 - Consider a Poisson distribution with $\mu = 3$. (a) Write the appropriate Poisson probability function.

[05]

- (b) Compute f(2).
- (c) Compute f(1).
- (d) Compute $P(x \ge 2)$.
- The prior probabilities for events A_1 and A_2 are $P(A_1) = 0.40$ and $P(A_2) = 0.60$. It is also [10] Q-3 known that $P(A_1 \cap A_2) = 0$. Suppose that $P(B|A_1) = 0.20$ and $P(B|A_2) = 0.05$.
 - (a) Are A_1 and A_2 mutually exclusive? Explain.
 - (b) Compute $P(A_1 \cap B)$ and $P(A_2 \cap B)$.
 - (c) Compute P(B).
 - (d) Apply Bayes' theorem to compute $P(A_1|B)$ and $P(A_2|B)$.

- OR Suppose that we have a sample space $S = \{E_1, E_2, \dots, E_7\}$. where $E_1, E_2, ..., E_7$ denote the sample points. The following probability assignments apply: [10] $P(E_1) = 0.05, P(E_2) = 0.20, P(E_3) = 0.20, P(E_4) = 0.25, P(E_5) = 0.15, P(E_6) = 0.10$ and $P(E_7) = 0.05.$ Let $A = \{E_1, E_4, E_6\}, B = \{E_2, E_4, E_7\}, C = \{E_2, E_3, E_5, E_7\}.$
 - (a) Find P(A), P(B) and P(C).

- (b) Find $A \cup B$ and $P(A \cup B)$.
- (c) Find $A \cap B$ and $P(A \cap B)$.
- (d) Are events A and C mutually exclusive?
- (e) Find B^c and $P(B^c)$.
- Q-4 Can we conclude that the two population variances are equal for the following data of [05] Officers passed out from a 'state' and 'private' university.

STATE	1234	5678	1235	8521	1452	2653
PRIVATE	2563	6589	7631	889	145	7548

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